ECE 260		
Name:		
Date:		

**Laboratory 0 – Review of Math and Calculator Fundamentals** 

The following material is meant as a review of the mathematical fundamentals you will need for performing calculations in the laboratory experiments. The following calculations are meant to be performed both with and without a calculator.

#### A. Powers of 10

You will need to work with very small and very large numbers which will require the use and understanding of powers of 10. If you cannot perform these operations, please find a qualified source to review how to do them.

Perform the following operations by hand. Do not use a calculator.

1. 
$$4,500,000 + 230,000 + 2,000 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_ x  $10^3$ 

**2.** 
$$0.03 + 0.006 - 0.2 =$$
 \_\_\_\_\_x10<sup>3</sup>

3. 
$$3100 + 0.01 \times 10^2 - 31,000 \times 10^{-4} = \times 10^3$$

**4.** 
$$(45,000)(3,000) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_x10<sup>9</sup>

**5.** 
$$(-2.3 \times 10^{-2})(-5 \times 10^{4})(-0.003 \times 10^{5}) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{0}$ 

**6.** 
$$0.000072/0.0008 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_x $10^{-3}$ 

7. 
$$10000/(2x10^8) = ____x10^{-3}$$

**8.** 
$$(2x10^3)^3 =$$
\_\_\_\_x $10^9$ 

**9.** 
$$(0.00002)^3 =$$
\_\_\_\_\_x $10^{-15}$ 

### **B.** Prefixes

The following list is the prefixes used when expressing numbers in *engineering* notation:

$$10^{12} = tera (T)$$

$$10^9 = giga (G)$$

$$10^6 = mega (M)$$

$$10^3 = kilo (k)$$

$$10^{-3} = milli (m)$$

$$10^{-6} = micro (\mu)$$

$$10^{-9} = nano (n)$$

$$10^{-12} = pico(p)$$

For engineering notation, the value of the coefficient must be between 1 and 999 and the power of the base 10 must be a multiple of 3 (it can also be 0).

Apply the most appropriate prefix to convert each of the following quantities into engineering notation:

Example:  $0.003 = 3x10^{-3}$  and  $124580 = 124.58x10^{3}$ 

**15.** 0.00003kV = \_\_\_\_\_

**16.** 0.000021kV = \_\_\_\_\_

**17.** 7,600,000  $\Omega$  = \_\_\_\_\_

**18.** 760,000  $\Omega$  = \_\_\_\_\_

**19.** 5000 pF = \_\_\_\_\_

**20.** 0.5 nF = \_\_\_\_\_

# C. Square and Cube Roots

Use a calculator

**21.**  $\sqrt{8.1} =$ 

**22.**  $\sqrt[3]{3000} =$ 

**23.**  $\sqrt{0.000054}$  = \_\_\_\_\_

# **D.** Exponential Functions

Use a calculator

**24.** *e* <sup>3.1</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_

**25.**  $e^{0.2} =$ 

**26.** 
$$e^{-0.003} =$$

**27.** 
$$1/e^{-4} =$$

E. Algebraic Manipulations (show all work)

**28.** 
$$P = I^2 R$$
, solve for  $R$  and  $I$ 

**29.** 40R = 4R + 4, solve for R

**30.** 
$$\frac{1}{V_S} = \frac{1}{V_1} + \frac{1}{5V_1}$$

**31.** 
$$F = \frac{kQ_1Q_2}{r^2}$$
, solve for  $Q_2$  and  $r$ 

# F. Calculator Fundamentals

Using a calculator, convert to engineering notation

**34.** 0.0009 = \_\_\_\_\_

**35.** 330 = \_\_\_\_\_

**36.** 0.000000000000 = \_\_\_\_\_

**37.** 0.01 = \_\_\_\_\_

**38.** 1.01 = \_\_\_\_\_

**39.** 335 = \_\_\_\_\_

**40.** 0.000045 = \_\_\_\_\_

Use a calculator and express answers in engineering notation

**41.** 50E3 – 2.2E4 + 0.08E6 = \_\_\_\_\_

**42.**  $\frac{(4x10^{-6})^2}{8x10^3} =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_

**43.**  $0.008 \times (6 \times 10^3) + 5200 \times 10^{-3} - 200 = -3 - 3 =$ 

**44.** 30,000 x  $\sqrt{(3000)^4}$  = \_\_\_\_\_

**45.**  $e^{\sqrt{8/3}} =$ 

**46.**  $e^{e^{-3}} =$ 

**47.** 
$$\frac{86E3 \times e^{-2}}{2E4 + e^7} =$$

**48.** 
$$20E2 - 2 + \left(\frac{6}{2E2}\right) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

**49.** 
$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{3^2}}{2+3^2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

**50.** 
$$\frac{1}{(5-1)^2} =$$